





PEOPLE HAVE RECEIVED TB TREATMENT



PEOPLE ON ANTIRETROVIRAL THERAPY FOR HIV MOSQUITO NETS
DISTRIBUTED BY
PROGRAMS FOR MALARIA



20 MILLION

LIVES SAVED THROUGH THE GLOBAL FUND PARTNERSHIP

The Global Fund partnership brings together a myriad of strengths: finances; technical expertise; the experience and knowledge of communities affected by HIV, tuberculosis and malaria; innovation; and a capacity for constant evolution. The partners who comprise the Global Fund come with diverse abilities and points of view, yet they share a determination to serve people, to strive for social justice, and to achieve impact against HIV, TB and malaria and ultimately end the epidemics.

This report delivers a summary of the impact and results achieved by end 2015 by programs supported by the Global Fund, showing cumulative progress since 2002. It is a collective effort, combining the strong contributions made by governments, civil society, the private sector and people affected by HIV, TB and malaria. Here are the cumulative highlights:

- 20 million lives saved; on track to reach 22 million lives saved by the end of 2016
- A decline of one-third in the number of people dying from HIV, TB and malaria since 2002, in countries where the Global Fund invests
- **9.2 million people** on antiretroviral treatment for HIV
- 15.1 million people have received TB treatment
- **659 million** mosquito nets distributed through programs for malaria
- 146 million infections averted across HIV, TB and malaria (between 2012 and end 2015)

Building resilient and sustainable systems for health is critically important to end HIV, TB and malaria as epidemics, and creates substantial positive effects on the systems for health in countries where these diseases are rife. A full **40 percent** of Global Fund investments go toward building resilient and sustainable systems for health.

The Global Fund supports countries in expanding programs that remove human rights- and gender-related obstacles to health care so that everyone can access the health services they need. To specifically address the inequalities affecting women and girls, the Global Fund's investments have increased significantly in the past six years, with about 60 percent of the organization's total investments now directed to women and girls.

The Ebola outbreak in West Africa and the increasing global crisis of refugees and displaced people have revealed unique problems in providing access to health care in challenging operating environments – countries or regions that experience disease outbreaks, natural disasters, armed conflicts or weak governance. Challenging operating environments account for **one-third** of the global disease burden for HIV, TB and malaria and one-third of Global Fund investments.

The Global Fund's counterpart financing requirement is an effective way to work with governments to stimulate domestic investments in health. To date, countries have committed an additional **US\$6 billion** to their health programs for 2015-2017 compared with spending in 2012-2014, representing a 41 percent increase in domestic financing for health.

Global Fund investment in health programs has grown steadily. As of July 2016, the Global Fund had disbursed **US\$30 billion** to support programs for HIV, TB and malaria.

By 2016, the Global Fund had achieved three-year savings worth more than **US\$600 million** through a more effective pooled procurement mechanism, by working with partners and negotiating directly with manufacturers. The price of long-lasting insecticidal nets to prevent malaria has **decreased by 38 percent** since 2013, and the price of combination ARV therapy for HIV has been **reduced by 25 percent** since 2014. The medicines and health products purchased through the pooled procurement mechanism were delivered more swiftly than in the past, with on-time delivery **improving from 36 percent** in 2013 **to 84 percent** in 2016.

Wambo.org, an e-marketplace for affordable, high-quality health commodities launched in January 2016, is projected to save implementers of Global Fund-supported programs an additional **US\$250 million** over the next four years.

Operating expenditure is kept low through disciplined cost control, efforts to save money and adherence to a prudent budgeting framework. In 2015, operating expenses totaled US\$296 million, below a projected budget of US\$300 million. That represents about **2.3 percent** of grants under management, reflecting a high degree of efficiency and value for money.